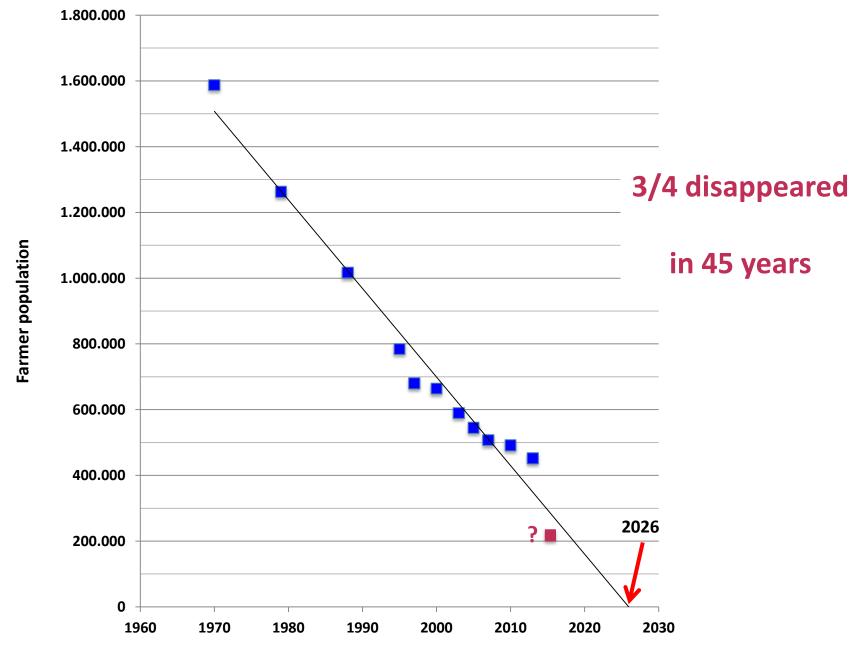
Agroecology: a system based on biodiversity and ecosystem services for better profit and quality of life



Alain PEETERS RHEA Research Centre Secretary of Agroecology Europe 15th May 2019, Brussels

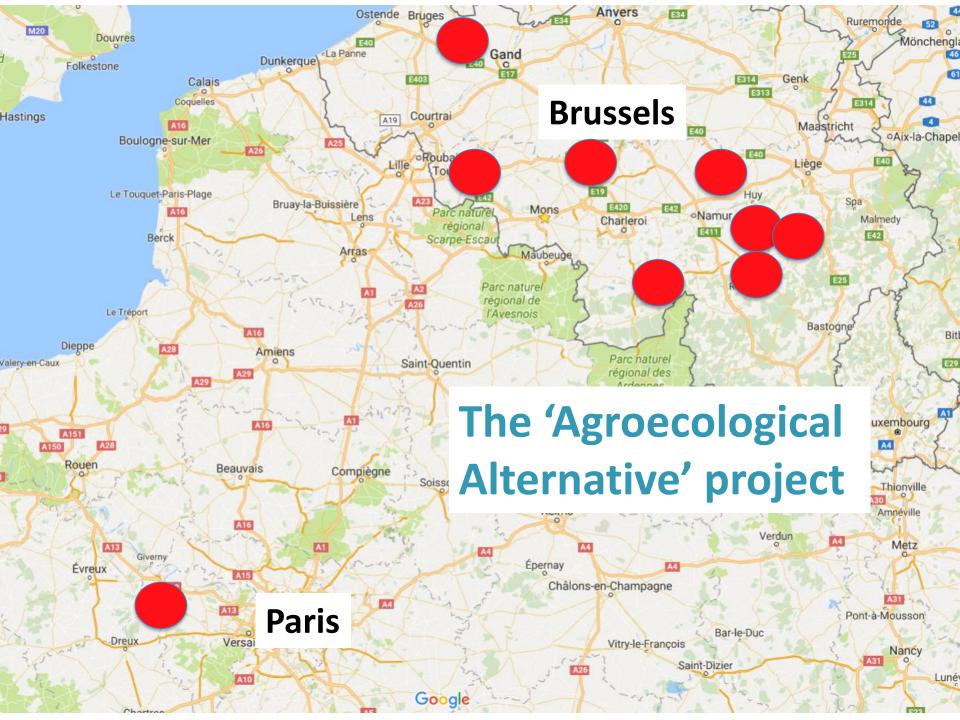
Evolution of the number of farmers in France between 1970 and 2013



Years

Another way is possible:

Agroecological systems



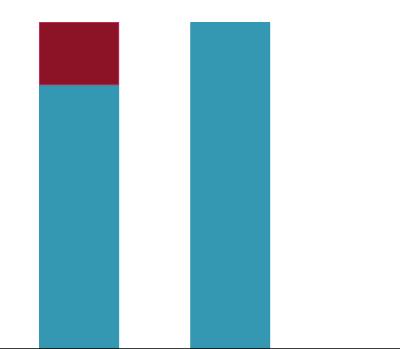
- Replacing fossil fuels by ecosystem services provided by biodiversity
- Investing in biodiversity at all levels



- Relying on local resources
 - = endogenous soil fertility
 - ≠ massive use of commercial inputs
- Intensive in observations, thinking and knowledge



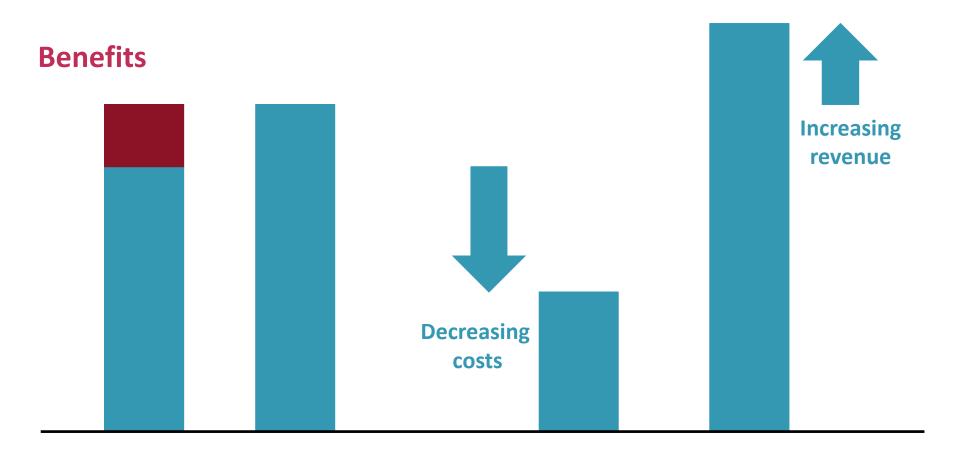




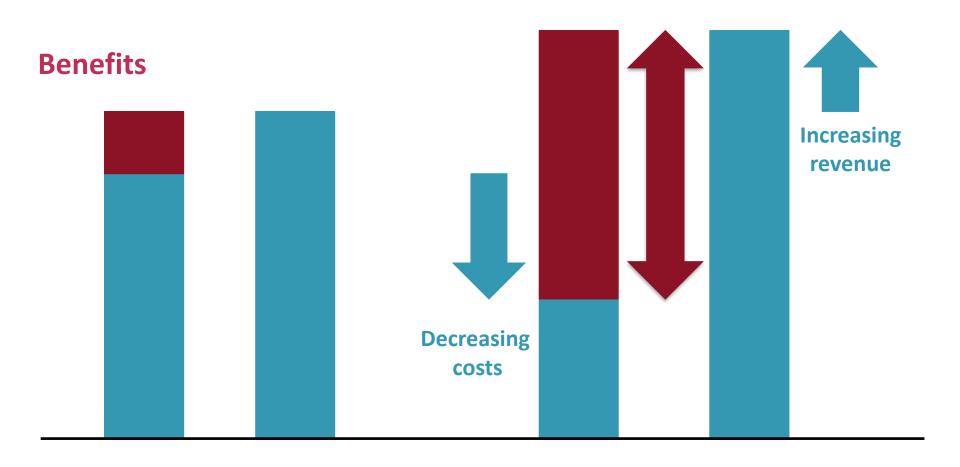
Costs Revenue



Costs Revenue

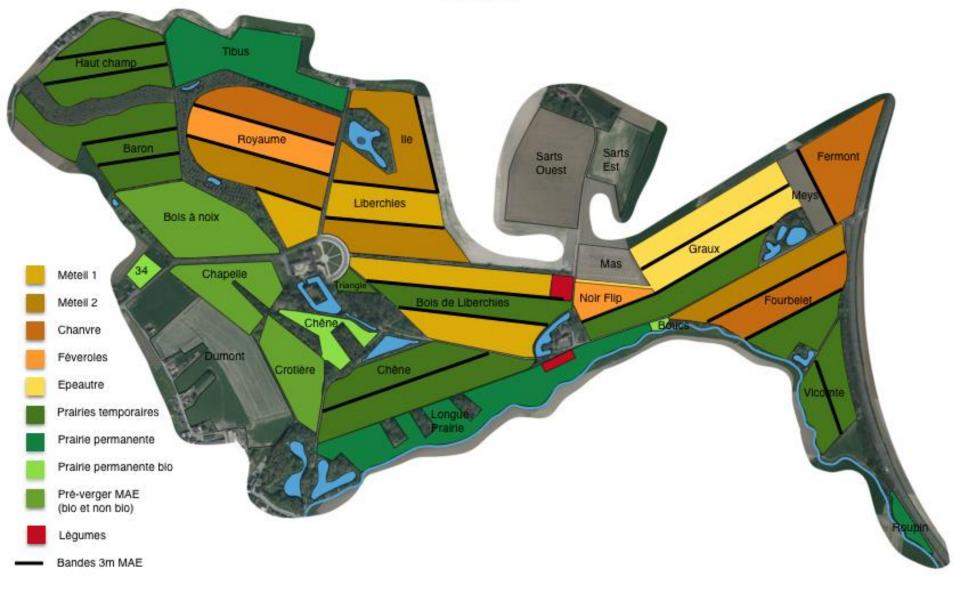


CostsRevenueShoot for the moon. Even if you miss,
you'll land among the stars! Oscar Wilde



Costs Revenue

Developing the ecological network



Pest suppressive ecological infrastructures

Role of herbaceous strips Natural enemies of crop pests and wildlife habitat





Pest suppressive ecological infrastructures

3 mixtures for increasing populations of natural ennemies

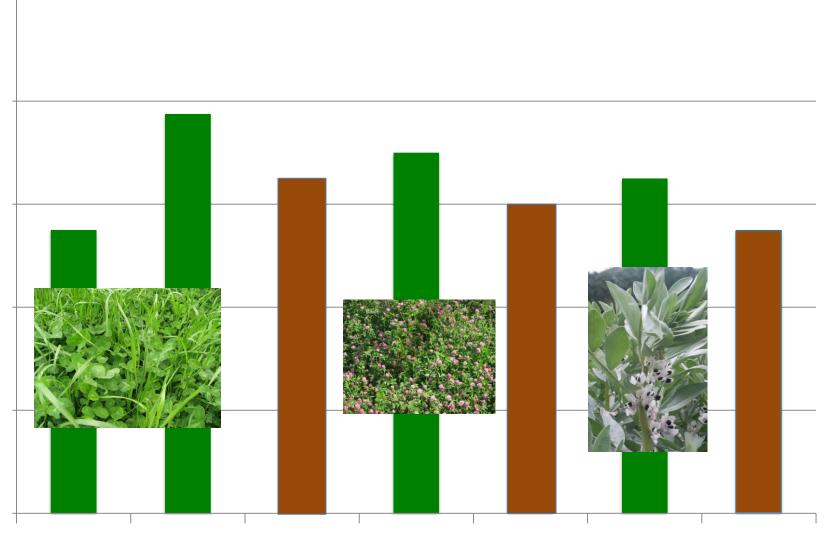


Nicro-hymenopter Overfly, larvae





Long crop rotation: Succession of legume and non-legume crops



TG1 TG2 C1 TG3 C2 FB

Η

Crop – livestock integration: mixed systems

but also specialized arable systems

Agroecological techniques

Organic non-inversion tillage system, superficial soil work only

- Annual soil cover: Biomax between two main crops

- Permanent soil cover: clover in intercropping or temporary grasslands

Biomax = Maximum biomass and biodiversity



Rolling biomax and sowing crop in one single operation



A high biomass in October + weed control



Biomax mulch on the ground in October Biodiversity at soil level



Triticale sown in a white clover sward

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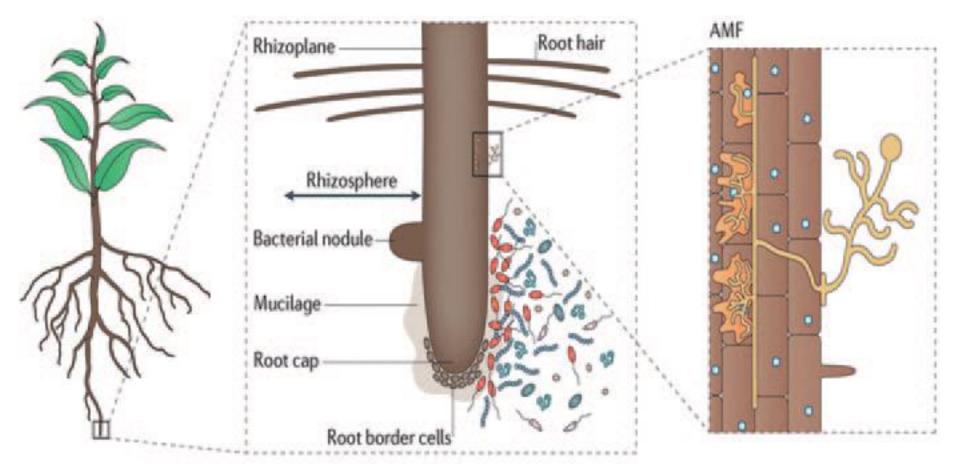
Triticale sown in a white clover sward

Increasing soil life



for healthier plants

A well-developed rhizosphere



Nature Reviews | Microbiology

that controls pathogenic microorganisms

The basis of the whole food chain

Other tools for increasing soil biodiversity and improving plant health and vigour

Compost tea

Plant ferments

Strategic application of amino acids....

Economic performances

Caca	Criteria	AE compared
Case	Criteria	AE compared
		to average
Netherlands, 'farming economically'	Labour income/100 kg of milk	+ 110%
Netherlands Centre for Research in Dairy Farming (PR)	Employment generated at volume of production of 800,000 kg of milk	+ 100%
France, grassland-based farming	Family income/family worker	+ 73%
Germany, low concentrate feeding	Income per dairy cow	+ 60%
Italy, Rossa reggiana	Income per hour	+ 15%
Poland, dairy farming	Income according to level of self- provisioning for feed and fodder (0 compared to 51-99)	+ 53%
Ireland, beef and milk	Gross margin per hectare	> in the order of 75-80% in a 3-4 year period
UK, sheep farming	Gross Value Added/ewe	+ 10%
Spain, Mediterranean crops	Gross Value Added	+ 35%
Portugal, vine growing	Fossil energy consumption/ha	- 30%

van der Ploeg et al. in preparation



Thank you

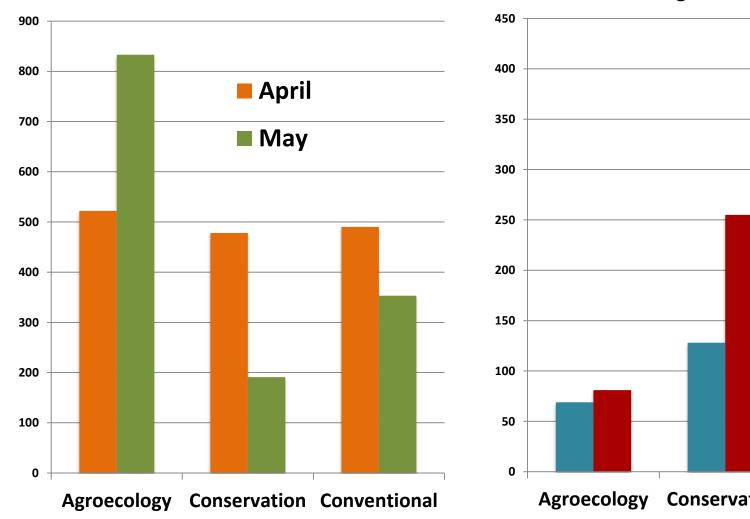


www.agroecology-europe.org

2nd Forum in Heraklion, Crete, 26-28 September 2019

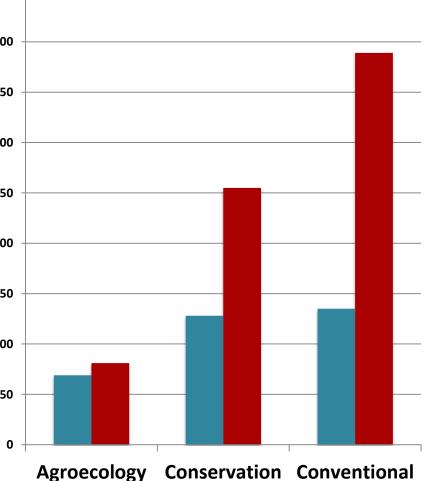


Comparison between agroecology, conservation and conventional agriculture



Number of carabid beetle individuals

Number of slug individuals



Increase of plant diversity after conversion to agroecology

Number of main and cover crop families

